



ce class coatings



Abrasion resistant coating systems for ice class vessels

Ice class ships are operated in extremely cold climates and in harsh environments and therefore require higher performance coatings than that utilized by conventional non-ice class ships. Their highly specific structures by design need to be durable for such severe trading hence selection of the most suitable high performance coating system is paramount for success.

Current sea routes are expected to save fuel arising from shorter voyages. Further, the outer hull coating of ice class ships protect against impact and abrasion damage in ice infested waters and have excellent anticorrosive properties. These outer hull coating are selected in accordance with ice trading classification.



Ice class definitions

Major classes and some of parties establish their own ice class rules.

International Association of Classification Societies (IACS) published a document named Unified Requirements for Polar Class Ships as a complement to IMO Guidelines for Ships Operating in Arctic Ice Covered Waters. The unified common rules and regulations are referred to the IACS UR sub-section Polar Class (PC).

Finnish-Swedish Rules classifies 1A Super, 1A, 1B, 1C, the others, is based upon an elastic approach in the definition of structural capacity and was originally established to ensure safe operation in the Baltic Sea during winter.

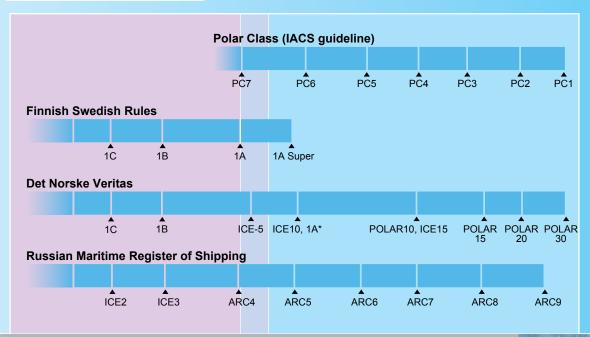
DNV have a set of rules regarding vessels for arctic and icebreaking service. The notations in this set are called ICE-05, 10, 15 and POLAR-10, 20 and 30. These rules apply to icebreakers and to passenger and cargo vessels intended to operate independently in the ice-infested waters of Arctic regions.

Russian Maritime Register of Shipping categories of ice class ships as Ice1-3, which refers to ships intended for navigation in freezing non-arctic seas, and Arc4-9, for navigation in Arctic seas.









CMP's specification

Specification 1

PERMAX No.1000HB

Specification 2

PERMAX No.3000S

Specification 3

PERMAX No.3300

All other major classification societies have a similar system of ice classes, and converting between ice classes is relatively easy. In most cases only the names of the classes are changed and the specifics of Polar class and Arctic class are identical, and in recent years, new ice class categories which are capable of independent operation in all ice conditions have been defined to have excellent icebreaking.

Recommended coating specifications

Coating requirements of ice class are impact resistance, abrasion resistance, adhesion property and low friction property and superior anti-corrosive property with labyrinth effect by glass flake. Generally, hard coating is not so durable for ice damages in a long term, consequently, it has found that flexible glassflake coating, that coating surface is gradually eroded in areas of infested ice waters, has the best abrasion resistance.

Specification 1

POLAR class	ARCTIC Finnish Swedish IA Super	Lloyd's Certified abrasi	on resistant ice coating
	Туре	Product Name	DFT
1st coat	Vinyl Ester Primer	PERMAX No.1000 Primer	50

Type Product Name DFT

1st coat Vinyl Ester Primer PERMAX No.1000 Primer 50

2nd coat Vinyl Ester Glass Flake Paint PERMAX No.1000HB (*)450

Total DFT (microns) 500

Specification 2

Finnish Swedish		Finnish Swedish	
IA		IB	

Lloyd's Certified abrasion resistant ice coating

	Туре	Product Name	DFT
1st coat	Epoxy Paint	BANNOH series	100
2nd coat	Epoxy Glass Flake Paint	PERMAX No.3000S	400
Total DFT (microns)			500

This specification can be replaced to Specification 3.

Specification 3

Finnish Swedish	Finnish Swedish
IA	IB

	Туре	Product Name	DFT
1st coat	Epoxy Glass Flake Paint	PERMAX No.3300	250
2nd coat	Epoxy Glass Flake Paint	PERMAX No.3300	250
Total DFT (microns)			500

BANNOH series are allocated in Ice class IC or later as well as non ice vessels. Specification of IC and ID ice class is Total 300 microns of BANNOH series. (2 coats of 150 microns)

New building application with PERMAX No.1000HB

PERMAX No.1000HB can be applied without any special equipment.



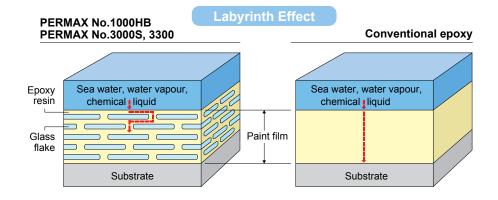




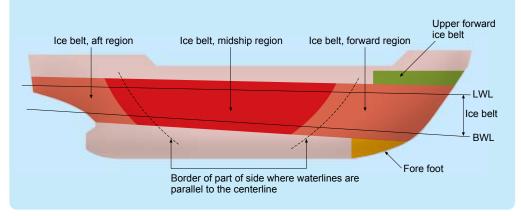
^{*} PERMAX No.1000HB is capable of application to greater DFT with standard airless spray equipment.



The inclusion of glass flake in the coating provides a barrier which presents the transfer of water vapour/chemical materials to the substrate. By comparison to environmental anticorrosives parameter of water vapour/chemicals takes several times longer. In this respect, PERMAX No.1000HB, 3000S and 3300 protect the substrate over the long term. In addition to glass flake, these coatings possess and provide first class abrasion resistance clue to their interest physically strong polymer characteristics.

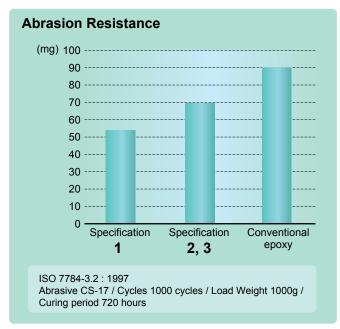


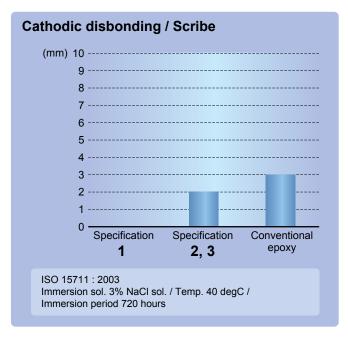
Ice class coatings are generally applied on not only ice belt zones but the whole outer hull area, whilst the coatings are intentionally introduced for limited areas such as boottop and flat bottom of non-ice class ships. They are also used on offshore facilities to protect against ice abrasion and mechanical damages.



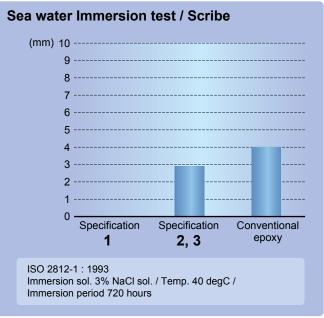
Test results

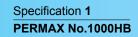
Abrasion resistance is the most significant index for ice class coating, PERMAX series (see the results of Specification 1,2 and 3) provides the best performances, and BANNOH series are also sufficient for operation in sparse Ice populated areas like Ice class IC and greater.













ARCTIC class

Finnish Swedish
IA Super

Specification 2, 3
PERMAX No.3000S, 3300



Finnish Swedish IB









"UMIAK I"

Built by JMU Maizuru in 2006. PERMAX No.1000HB was coated on the whole hull of the vessel belongs to PC4 of a high category in Polar class, and higher performances are shown during the actual service in the ice.



Rudder horn and ice knife



Midship section, Port side



Midship section, Starboard side



Bow area, Port side





Tokyo Club Building, 2-6, Kasumigaseki 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100-0013, Japan TEL: 81-(3)3506-3971 FAX: 81-(3)5511-8542

Website: http://www.cmp.co.jp

HEADQUARTERS